



## Geographical Vocabulary – KSI

Geographical skill (Nc Strands)	Vocabulary
<p><b>Locational knowledge and Place knowledge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• name and locate the world's 7 continents and 5 oceans</li> <li>• name, locate and identify characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas</li> <li>• understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country</li> </ul>	<p>Africa            Asia            Antarctica            Europe            North America            South America            Oceania and Ausrtalia            Equator            Britain            United Kingdom            England - London            Ireland – Dublin            Scotland – Edinburgh            Wales – Cardiff            Northern Ireland – Belfast            North Pole            South Pole</p>
<p><b>Physical Geography</b>            Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ key physical features, including: beach, diff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather</li> </ul>	<p>Beach            Forest            Hill            Cliff            Ocean            Mountain            River            Sea            Season            West            Valley            Weather            Vegetation            soil</p>
<p><b>Human Geography</b>            key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop</p>	<p>City            Town            Village            Harbor            House            Farm            Factory            Shop            Town            Office            Port</p>



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### Geographical skills and fieldwork

- use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage
- use simple compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far, left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map
- use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key
- use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment

Compass  
Atlas  
Globes  
Maps  
Near  
Far  
Left  
Right  
Observation  
Environment